Reference for Rapid Assessment and Treatment Of Chemical/Biological Agents

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Common Assessment for ALL Suspected Agents: "ASBESTOS"

A - Agent(s): Type and Toxicity

S - State(s): Solid? Liquid? Gas? Vapor? Aerosol?B - Body Site(s): Where Exposed/route(s) of Entry?

E - **Effects**: Local? Systemic?

S - **Severity**: Mild? Moderate? Severe?

T - Time Course: Onset? Getting Better/worse? Prognosis?

O - Other Diagnoses? Instead of? [Differential Diagnosis(s)] In Addition to?

S - **Synergism**: Combined Effects of Multiple Exposures or Insults?

Signs and Symptoms of Nerve Agent Exposure: "SLUDGE"

S - Salivation

L - Lacrimation

U - Urination (incontinence)

D - Defecation (incontinence)

G - Gastrointestinal Upset

E - Emesis

Treatment of Nerve Agent Exposure: "RAPTER"

R - Remove Agent - DECONTAMINATE (little benefit after 30 minutes)

A - Assess Exposure (ASBESTOS - SLUDGE)

P - Pre-Treat Staff - Valium 5 mg PO Q 8 Hours

Pyridostigmine Bromide* 30 mg PO Q 8 Hours

T - Treat Patient - Atropine

(2-6 mg start, may take several thousand mgs)

Pralidoxime Chloride

(2-Pam Chloride - 1 Gm > 20-30" Repeat in 1 Hour)

<u>Valium</u>

(diazepam - 5-10 mg IVP)

E - Evaluate Treatment(s)

R - Re-treat/Re-assess

Treatment for Anthrax Exposure:

Prophylaxis:

Ciprofloxacin (Cipro®) 500 mg PO BID for 4 weeks Or Doxycycline 100 mg PO BID for 4 weeks

<u>Post-Exposure Treatment:</u>

Begin Treatment AS SOON AS EXPOSURE IS SUSPECTED Treatment is ineffective if initiated AFTER symptoms present.

Penicillin 50 mg/kg IV over 1 hour followed by 200 mg/kg/day IV infusion AND Streptomycin 30 mg/kg IM QD

Alternative medications include ciprofloxacin, doxycycline or tetracycline

Treatment for Smallpox Exposure:

<u>Pre-Exposure Treatment:</u>

None, vaccination not presently available

Post-Exposure Treatment:

Vaccination and vaccinia immune globulin within 3-5 days post-exposure

Cidofovir (Vistide®) 5 mg/kg IV Q week for 2 weeks is protective in animals and MAY be protective in humans.

NOTE: cidofovir <u>MUST</u> be administered with probenecid (2 grams PO 3 hours prior to infusion) with <u>EACH</u> infusion to prevent nephrotoxicity